

LICENSING PANEL (LICENSING ACT 2003 FUNCTIONS) ADDENDUM 1

10.00AM, TUESDAY, 20 OCTOBER 2026

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ADDENDUM

ITEM		Page
3	KINGS ARMS, 56 GEORGE STREET - LICENSING PANEL (LICENSING ACT 2003 FUNCTIONS)	3 - 38

Sussex Police
Supporting Evidence
King's Arms, 56 George Street, Brighton

Document Index:

1. Statement from PC Wade of Sussex Police – Brighton & Hove Licensing Team
-

A: (Serious Disorder)

2. CCTV clips shown in Interim Steps Hearing (can be shown again in full hearing on 20/10/2026 if requested)
This relates to **Friday 25/09/2026** in Further to Letter
-

B: (Drugs Swabs)

This is covered by:

1. Statement from PC Wade
This relates to **Saturday 26/09/2026** in Further to Letter
 3. Appendix A: CCTV clips x 4 – to be shown during Hearing proceedings on 20/10/2026
This relates to **Saturday 26/09/2026** in Further to Letter
 4. Statement from PC Bernascone
This relates to **Saturday 26/09/2026** in Further to Letter
 5. Appendix B: Photos of Shopping List
This relates to **Saturday 26/09/2026** in Further to Letter
 6. Appendix C: Morpho Detection (UK) Ltd Technology Statement
This relates to **Saturday 26/09/2026** in Further to Letter
-

C: (Licensing Check and Breach Letter)

This is covered by:

7. Write up of Check from PS Hancox
This relates to Monday **28/09/2026** in Further to Letter
 8. Appendix D: Stonegate Door Staff Policy
This relates to Monday **28/09/2026** in Further to Letter
 9. Email from PS Hancox
This relates to Monday **28/09/2026** in Further to Letter
 10. Appendix E: Copy of Breach Letter
This relates to Monday **28/09/2026** in Further to Letter
 11. Appendix F: Email response and proposed conditions from PLH
This relates to Monday **28/09/2026** in Further to Letter
-

1: (Licensing Visit – Pre Pride)

No additional evidence provided

2: (Police Visit – CCTV Request)

No additional evidence provided

3: (Allegation of a fight)

This is covered by:

1. Statement from PC Wade

This relates to **Friday 16/05/2025** in Further to Letter

4: (Report from DPS)

This is covered by:

1. Statement from PC Wade

This relates to **Wednesday 21/05/2025** in Further to Letter

5: (Harassment of DPS)

This is covered by:

1. Statement from PC Wade

This relates to **Friday 04/07/2025** in Further to Letter

12. Statement from Victim

This relates to **Friday 04/07/2025** in Further to Letter

6: (Report of suspected drunk driver)

This is covered by:

1. Statement from PC Wade

This relates to **Friday 01/08/2025** in Further to Letter

7: (Problem person outside the venue)

This is covered by:

1. Statement from PC Wade

This relates to **Friday 07/12/2025** in Further to Letter

8: (Customer report of common assault – High intox)

This is covered by:

1. Statement from PC Wade

This relates to **Sunday 29/03/2026** in Further to Letter

9: (Intelligence received)

No additional evidence provided

10: (Voicemail from DPS Gary Wilson)

No additional evidence provided

11: (Licensing Visit – Pre Pride)

No additional evidence provided

12: (Hate Crime)

This is covered by:

1. Statement from PC Wade

This relates to **Friday 08/05/2026** in Further to Letter

13: (High levels of intoxication)

This is covered by:

1. Statement from PC Wade

This relates to **Saturday 16/05/2026** in Further to Letter

14: (Email from DPS)

13. Copy of Email

This relates to **Friday 03/07/2026** in Further to Letter

15: (Hate Crime and Common Assault)

This is covered by:

14. Appendix G: Email from PC Bernascone

This relates to **Friday 17/07/2026** in Further to Letter

URN

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Statement of: PC WADE [REDACTED]

Age if under 18:

(if over 18 insert 'over 18')

Occupation: Police Constable

This statement (consisting of _____ page(s) each signed by me) is true to the best of my knowledge and belief and I make it knowing that, if it is tendered in evidence, I shall be liable to prosecution if I have wilfully stated in it, anything which I know to be false or do not believe to be true.

Signature:

[REDACTED]

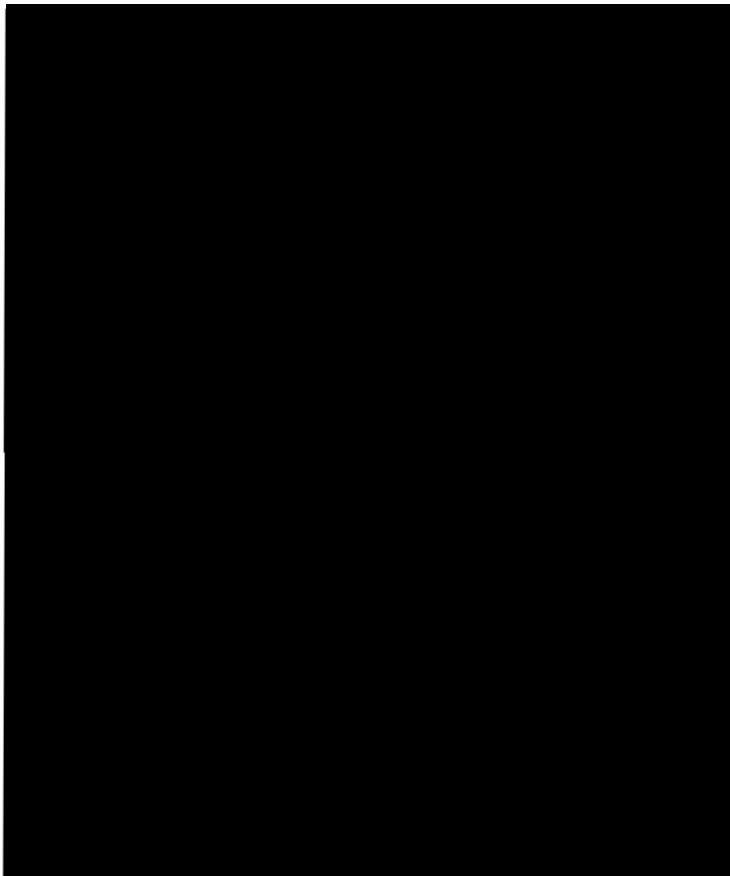
Date 14/10/2026

Tick if witness evidence is visually recorded

☐

(supply witness details on rear)

I have worked as a police officer for Sussex Police for nearly 8 years and have spent the last two years in Brighton and Hove Divisions Licensing Department. During my police career, I have always been in uniformed roles and have been regularly involved in the policing of the nighttime economy of Brighton and Hove. The responsibilities of my role include supporting licensing and alcohol-related violent crime reduction objectives, liaising and completing licensing checks on premises, reviewing incidents within Licensed premises and ensuring a consistent approach to licensing issues. The review application refers to the premises having experienced an "incident of serious crime and disorder as defined as section 53a of the licensing Act 2003" which took place at the premises on Friday 25th September 2026. As part of the investigation process PC BERNASCONI [REDACTED] and I attended the above premises on 26th September, the morning after the incident to conduct drug swabbing. I added the details of this visit and the results of the drug swabs onto INNKEEPER under ID [REDACTED] Body Worn footage of the visit has also been recorded as part of the investigation. Below are the drug swab results, the drug identified was cocaine unless stated otherwise.



[REDACTED]

In addition to the evidence that has been submitted for the review, regarding recorded crime and incidents. I can confirm that I have read the below reports made to the police; that have not led to any investigative progression. I submit this statement to both indicate where this evidence originates and to clarify the details of the reports.

Friday 16th May 2025 – Allegation of a fight
SXP-20250516-1751

Sussex Police received a call at 23:10 reporting that there were 5-6 people pushing each other outside of the venue and there were concerns of a fight.

Outcome: Police attended at 23:15 and noted that all had calmed down. The officer spoke to people in the pub who stated it was not a fight but a lawful ejection.

Wednesday 21st May 2025 at 22:38 – Report from DPS
SXP-20250521-1549 Male banned for drugs

Sussex Police received a 999 call from [REDACTED] (the DPS at the time) at 22:38 to report that a regular customer had come out of the toilets with a white substance on his nose. Staff asked him to do a drugs wipe, which he did, and the wipe sample turned blue immediately indicating that drugs were present. As a result, the male was asked to leave the premises which he initially refused to do until security asked him to leave. [REDACTED] stated [REDACTED] had banned the male going forward and wanted to log this with police.

Friday 4th July 2025 at 16:52 – Harassment of DPS
SXP-20250704 – 1078 Threats to DP

Sussex Police received a report by DPS of the premises [REDACTED] to state that the male [REDACTED] banned on 21st May 2025 had continued to contact [REDACTED] customers and other members of staff of the Kings Arms with increasingly violent threats made via phone calls and text messages. This was recorded as 'harassment' and investigated as such.

Outcome: The harassment case was filed on 31st August 2025 as the reporting victim could no longer be contacted. It is believed this may have been due to [REDACTED] leaving [REDACTED] position as DPS in September 2025 and no longer living at or managing the premises.

Friday 1st August 2025

SXP-20250801-1383 – Call from venue security regarding a drunk driver

Informant was a doorman at the Kings Arms, he stated a male had left the pub 3 minutes ago and was "intoxicated and drunk". Informant tried to stop the male who got into his car with two dogs, but he drove off.

Outcome: a description and registration number was provided by the informant, but the vehicle was not located on any system so no further action was taken.

Friday 8th May 2026
SXP-20260508-0194

Sussex Police received a report from the online reporting service advising that the informant works nearby and regularly has to walk past the King's Arms pub. Clientele of the premises had made racially motivated comments towards the informant on at least two occasions over the last 3 months. The first time in March, the informant had gone inside to advise staff behind the bar what had happened, but no action was taken and the informant was left to feel uncomfortable and unsafe. They therefore left the premises. On this occasion (May 2026) the informant was walking to get some lunch and had forgotten to cross the road to avoid the pub and the patrons outside.

They again heard customers make discriminatory remarks based on their appearance. They wanted to report as felt the premises should be doing more to stop their customers being abusive in the street. Outcome: Matter filed due to no suspects identified.

Incident report 47260081180 refers to a customer's report to police of common assault. 9 separate calls are made to 999 from the same informant who was believed to be intoxicated. I provide details of the calls made and incident reference numbers.

Sunday 29th March 2026 at 23:43 – Customer report of common assault – High intoxication
SXP- 20260329-1207

SXP-20260330-0012 (00:16) - 999

SXP-20260330-0046 (01:00) - 999

SXP-20260330-0052 (01:12) - 999

SXP-20260330-0071 (01:45) – 999 trans to 101

SXP-20260330-0072 (01:48) -101

SXP-20260330-0076 (01:53) – 999

SXP-20260330-0083 (02:08) Ambulance

SXP-20260330-0129 (04:15)

SXP-20260330-1173 (18:30) – Non-Emergency

Initial call received by Police was at 23:43 from an individual who the call taker noted sounded 'very drunk'. The caller stated he had attended the Kings Arms on George Street, Brighton for a pint, let his dog off the lead and was then told he was too drunk and had to leave. It was at this point he was ejected. The caller stated that a male who he believed was a 'well known drug dealer' had thrown him out of the pub by his neck. The caller made further calls to Police via 999 on 30/03/2026 at 00:16, 01:00, 01:12, 01:45 (transferred to 101), 01:48 (via 101), 01:53 (via 999) and again via 101 at 18:30. He made further allegations about being assaulted, someone stealing his dog and about drug dealing within the pub. He was noted as 'sounding drunk' by several different call takers who interacted with him. Ambulance called for Police attendance at 02:08 as they had received a call regarding the same male being assaulted by a female who had hit him over the head with crutches. Police were with ambulance and the male at 02:16. They noted he had no injuries and they located his dog. Officers also stated that the male was unable to talk to Police due to his level of intoxication. Calls were also received by police from other persons about the disturbance. Outcome: Police attended and located the caller who was noted as drunk. He had been removed from the Kings Arms (by his own admission) due to being drunk but has then remained in the vicinity causing further issues and taking up Police time. The matter was recorded as a 'common assault' but reclassified as 'non-fatal strangulation' as per the crime recording guidelines. Unfortunately, CCTV was never provided by the venue despite a request for it being made and contact attempts with the DPS proven negative. Ultimately this matter was filed due to lack of evidence.

16th May 2026 at 19:50 – High levels of intoxication

SXP-20260516-1248 – 999

SXP-20260516-1271 - 999

SXP-20260516-1411 - 999

SXP-20260517-0037 - 999

SXP-20260517-0046 - 999

Sussex Police received a 999 call at 19:50 from a male reporting he had been accused of being paedophile. He stated that he had been asked to leave the venue and wanted Police to come down to deal with the situation. The call taker noted that the male sounded very irate and intoxicated and that they could barely understand him. They asked him to go outside of the premises to hear him better, which he did. The male became increasingly aggressive on the phone, swearing at the call taker and demanding 'you get down here or I'll kick off'. The call taker ended up having to terminate the call as the male's behaviour escalated to the point of being abusive and he was refusing advice to leave the premises and go elsewhere. The male called Police on 999 five times over the next 5 hours and was noted as intoxicated by each call taker.

During his calls at 00:44 and 00:45 he stated he was suicidal and was going to set himself on fire. Outcome: Police and Ambulance were tasked to attend at 00:56 and attempted to locate the male in central Brighton with no success. Ambulance was stood down and Police went to the male's home address at 02:38 where they located him. Attending Officers noted that he was 'very intoxicated'. They ensured his safety and then stood down. I confirm I have viewed all the above reports on police secure system STORM.

Sunday 7th December 2025

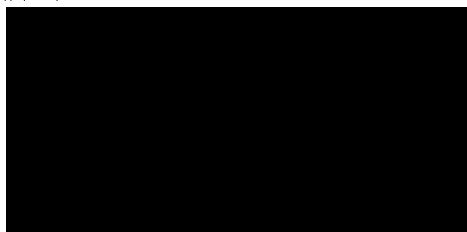
SXP-20251207-1105 (20:07)

SXP-20251207-1155 (20:53)

Sussex Police received a call from information that a female had entered the pub shouting and swearing about an item they had lost, but then they left. Informant advised they would call back if the female returned and there were any further issues. Sussex Police then received a second call reporting the female had returned and was screaming and shouting, smashing on the windows of the venue. She was throwing chicken at the premises. Police officers attended and spoke to staff at the venue who confirmed the above and stated she then moved on.

Outcome: Police searched the area but could not locate the female, CAD closed.

I confirm I have read the above incidents and references and believe them to be an accurate recording of what is detailed on the police secure system STORM.



WITNESS STATEMENT

Criminal Procedure Rules, r 16.2; Criminal Justice Act 1967, s.9

URN

Occurrence Number:

Statement of: BERNASCONE

Age if under 18: Over 18 (if over 18 insert 'over 18') Occupation: Police Constable

This statement (consisting of 1 page(s) each signed by me) is true to the best of my knowledge and belief and I make it knowing that, if it is tendered in evidence, I shall be liable to prosecution if I have wilfully stated in it anything which I know to be false, or do not believe to be true.

Signature: # BERNASCONE, .

Date: 28/09/2026 10:16

Tick if witness evidence is visually recorded ☐

At approximately 1050 hrs on Saturday 26th September 2026 I was on duty in full police uniform in company with PC WADE when we attended the Kings Arms Public House, George Street Brighton. I was aware that there had been a serious incident at the premises last night and we were attending in our capacity as Licensing officers.

When we arrived I could immediately see that one of the front windows was boarded up as the glass behind had been smashed. There were notices on the windows saying that the pub was closed today. outside of the building. We knocked on the doors and windows and eventually the DPS, Gary WILSON, came down from the flat above and let us in.

We explained why we were there and that we intended to drugs swab the premises as it was suspected that drugs use at the premises had contributed to what had happened there last night.

The inside of the premises was a mess with tables and chairs out of place, but it appeared that some cleaning had occurred as there were mops and buckets in the main bar area and I couldn't see any broken glass on the floor, even by the smashed window. We then carried out drugs swabbing throughout the premises. PC WADE carried out the swabbing and I recorded where each sample was taken and sealed each swab in a clean envelope. Both toilets were extremely dirty although there was a mop and bucket in between the two toilets, and it looked like something had been sprayed on the sinks as there were water marks all over them. During the swabbing we noticed that there were several empty/used small zip bags and an empty drugs wrap on the floor. We also found a bag of cannabis above the cistern for the urinal as well as several other zip bags with trace white powder.

In the main bar area I noticed that there were several betting slip forms on the tables which I think that the premises uses for Karaoke song requests (as some had song names written on them). One of the forms appeared to have a small shopping list. It was headed with the name 'Jim' and then said 'Bread, Milk, Cornflakes' and at the bottom 'COKE 4 grams P.T.O'.

[REDACTED]

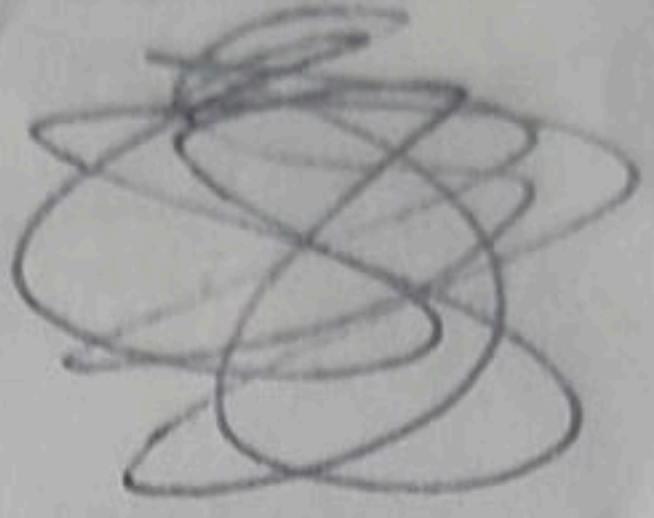
On the other side it said 'oran 8ball'. I am aware that 8 ball is a term sometimes used by drug users/dealers referring to an eighth of an ounce of drugs, normally cocaine. I picked up the slip and placed it in an exhibit bag.

The entire visit was recorded on BWV. I produce this footage as AB/1. I produce the betting slip as AB/2.

WITNESS BAG

5

Jim



BREAD,

Milk

Sugar

CORNFALLES.

COKE - P.T.O
4 a.m.s.

ceneseafe™

recovery systems

Reorder Code: A15066



Keepsafe®
Security Bags

all bets are subject to Ladbroke's rules

total stake

:

or an 8 ball

[Handwritten signature]

please ask a member of our shop team if you require assistance

Ladbroke's

Morpho Detection (UK) Ltd Technology Statement

The Itemiser^(x) and Mobile Trace are programmed to detect and identify microscopic amounts of many different types of narcotics. Cocaine is one of the most reactive and easy to detect substances in the equipments library. Responses are reported to the user by a simple and clear computer interface. An “alarm Strength” number gives intensity of the response. This strength is an indication of the amount of narcotic contamination that was collected on the sampling media used, in the case of Itemiser⁹⁸, a cotton – paper disk and with the Itemiser^{3/3e/DX} and Mobile Trace a Teflon coated fiberglass strip. These traps are cleaned and packed by MDII in Boston, USA to ensure they are not contaminated before use. They should also be checked before use on site in a customs or police application.

Samples are taken from areas likely to contain fingerprints from the target subject but not necessarily directly from the person themselves. The machine will correctly identify contamination down to nanogram (billionth of a gram) levels.

Alarms of between 1 and 2 times the alarm threshold can be classed as a “low” response. It could be attributed to cross contamination of the surface tested, background contamination, or greatly degraded historic contamination. It is not indicative of recent direct contact.

Alarms of between 2 and 3 times the alarm threshold can be classed as a “medium” response. It could be attributed to cross contamination of the surface tested or recent historic contamination that may have been left a number of days prior to the sample being taken.

Alarms of between 3 and 4 times the alarm threshold can be classed as a “high” response. This level of response would not be attributed to cross contamination and is indicative of recent and direct contact with measurable quantities of the narcotic identified by the machine.

Readings of 4.00 and above are estimated to relate to microgram amounts of contamination being transferred to the sample media. This level of contamination is not generally experienced in any other environment than somewhere that has been in direct contact with a bulk amount of the source narcotic, i.e. this level is not generally experienced as background contamination or through incidental cross contamination by being in close contact with other contaminated areas or persons.

It should be noted that the presence of any response to drugs using the Itemiser could be used as grounds for furthering an investigation depending on the SOP of the enforcement agency using the device.

A full technical introduction to the ITMS detection principals follows.

Technology Notes - Trace Detection Technologies

The three most prevalent technologies available for trace detection of narcotics and explosives include Ion Mobility Spectrometry (IMS), Combination Gas Chromatography-Chemiluminescence (GC-CLD), and enhanced IMS, or Ion Trap Mobility Spectrometry (**ITMS**). A fourth combination gas chromatography and mass spectrometry (GC-MS) is also available, but it is used mostly in lab-related equipment.

IMS separates ionized molecular compounds on the basis of their transit times (sometimes called “time of flight” or “drift time”) when subjected to an electric field in a tube. This time is then compared to stored transit times of known compounds making it possible to distinguish the target material (explosives or narcotics) from other molecules. This technique is fast and makes a compact device possible. Gaseous samples enter an ionization chamber where an ionization source emits low-energy beta particles resulting in ion formation in the gaseous phase. A gating mechanism allows the ions of the correct polarity to pass through the shutter grid and enter the ion drift region where an applied electric field mobilizes the ions. Less than 1% of the ions created in the ionization chamber actually reach the drift tube as more than 99% of the ions are discharged on the shutter grid. The rate at which these ions traverse the ion drift region is inversely proportional to the size of the ion. This correlation allows for the identification of the analyte of interest.[3]

GC-Chemiluminescence uses quantitative measurements of the optical emission from excited molecules to determine analyte concentration. Although GC-CLD technology has good sensitivity and selectivity, its range of detection is fairly limited. The GC-CLD technology employed in explosive detectors can only detect nitro compounds. Today, with the ever-increasing threat of non-nitro substances such as HMTD and TATP that are outside the detection range of this technology, the practical application of GC-CLD as an option for security outside the structured controls of a laboratory is limited. In addition, there are practical concerns about the expense of maintenance, instrument complexity, high consumable gas costs, and containment of potentially harmful materials, such as ozone, from the operator.

ITMS, like IMS, separates ionized vapors and then measures the mobility of the ions in an electric field. In the typical implementation of ITMS, the gaseous sample passes through a semi-permeable membrane prior to ionization. Also like IMS, the gaseous samples then enter an ionization chamber where an ionization source emits low-energy beta particles resulting in ion formation in the gaseous phase. Unlike IMS, however, the ionization in ITMS is allowed to reach equilibrium in a field free region and then pulsed into the drift tube where an electric field accelerates the ions to the collector. Note that in the ITMS detector, the shutter grid does not exist, resulting in a much greater portion of the ions entering the drift tube.

Performance Requirements of Trace Detection

When comparing these technologies, there are important performance requirements that we can use to evaluate their application for checkpoint, facility, or event security. The requirements include sensitivity, selectivity, and range of compounds detected, logistics, and reliability/maintenance.

Sensitivity (detection effectiveness) is the degree of response of an instrument to an introduced concentration. In other words, how much of an explosive or narcotic material is required to detect it. In real world application of these devices, we must realize that there is a time limit to complete the analysis in order to process sample targets through the unit, typically in the 3-to10-second range. Assuming this is a realistic range, GC-CLD technology will have a loss in selectivity, as the GC column will not provide enough separation of the nitro compounds over this analysis time. Traditional IMS loses sensitivity with the loss of ions to the shutter grid with its non-equilibrium ionization. ITMS enhances the sensitivity through many methods.

Selectivity is the ability to distinguish between compounds. Typically when sampling for explosives or narcotics, other materials are present and the threat signals need to be selected by the technology. All three technologies are able to accurately select the threat compound if it is present above the sensitivity level of that detector, although there are significant operational differences.

Range of compounds detected is quite simply the spectrum of material that the device can detect simultaneously. GC-CLD concentrates on distinguishing between nitro compounds, but detects *only* nitro substances. IMS detects *either* negative or positive ions, but not both at the same time. ITMS simultaneously detects negative and positive ions, including both nitro and non-nitro target substances.

Logistics incorporate practical application issues present with each technology. This could include regulatory issues for ozone, radioactive sources, bottled gases, etc. IMS and ITMS contain radioactive sources. GCCLD requires handling of sensitive gases such as hydrogen, ozone, or helium.

Reliability/Maintenance.

Looking at the real world application of this technology in areas outside the controlled laboratory environment, reliability of operation and the ability to maintain peak performance in dusty, high-traffic, or humid conditions become a concern. Downtimes due to maintenance or excessive maintenance costs become other factors of concern. Both GC-CLD and IMS are unprotected from dust, dirt, and water vapor entering the system. This is a serious problem for traditional IMS, as the dryer or desiccant requires frequent changing and leads to downtime. In addition, the contamination material can lead to a loss of sensitivity over time if it is not installed in a very clean environment. The latest ITMS systems have regenerating dryers that do not require changing and a semi-permeable membrane to protect them from dirt, dust, and humidity. GC-CLD systems require replacement of the chemical modules approximately every 3-6 months if usage is high, which can be almost as expensive as a new bench-top ITMS or IMS detector.

While all three require similar sampling consumables, the GC-CLD requires gas bottle replacement on top of the consumables. The ITMS and IMS devices require dopant depending on the application.

ITMS vs. IMS Technology

Enhancements to IMS analysis through ITMS technology allow for vast improvements to ionization efficiency, and therefore sensitivity of the detector. ITMS enables extremely low concentrations of electrophilic vapors, such as explosive vapors, to be detected—impossible with traditional IMS.

The ionization chamber in the ITMS detector is a field-free region where the ion population, both negative and positive ions, is allowed to build up by the action of the beta particles on the dopant gas. With IMS and ITMS, the high density of electrons produces a high probability of ionization of the dopant gas molecules, which in turn collide with the target molecules. Electric charge is then transferred to the target molecules because of their extremely high charge affinity, and the overall result is high ionization efficiency.

Since the ITMS detector does not incorporate a shutter grid as in traditional IMS, there is no loss of ions by discharge onto the shutter grid, which could account for a loss of up to 99% of the ions. With ITMS, ions are accumulated over a 20mS interval and then compressed into a pulse of 0.2mS, increasing the density and collected current by a factor of 100 [4,5,6]. Further enhancement is made with the addition of a semi-permeable membrane that excludes dust and dirt.

This enhancement makes the system more sensitive to the materials of concern and allows continued operation and sensitivity in environments outside the lab that are high-traffic, humid, or dusty. In addition to providing a charge medium, the chemical dopant that is added into the analysis in the detector region to reduce the chances of ionizing unwanted analyte. Ammonia is the primary dopant for positive ions used in the ITMS detector, while methylene chloride is used as the dopant for negative ions. The dopants accept charge from the low-energy beta particles thereby reducing the chance of analytes with charge affinities lower than that of the dopant to accept

charge. The target contraband molecules will accept the charge more readily than the dopants due to their higher affinity for the charge. This process reduces the amount of possible interferences due to the other analytes because the detector recognizes only charged species [4,5,6].

Finally, recent advancements in ITMS technology incorporate engineered high-speed switching systems that allow for millisecond alternating from positive to negative ion mode, thereby allowing for simultaneous detection and analysis of target positive and negative ions. Most narcotics have a positive ion affinity, while most explosives have a negative ion affinity; however, there are some important exceptions. TATP, for example, is an explosive that is seen as a positive affinity molecule, which would not be detected in a traditional IMS in single-mode operation for explosives. Detection limits for real world samples in ITMS in vapor sampling mode are in the picogram range.

Summary

As we look to implement a total solution for security, trace detection technologies become an integral component of that solution. Complementing x-ray scanners and metal detection, trace detection closes security loopholes by detecting microscopic particles that remain on clothing, luggage, ID cards, and more after explosives or narcotics are handled. Because it can sniff out vapors that build up in confined spaces, trace detection is especially effective for finding contraband hidden in compartments, suitcases, and lockers. ITMS technology offers the advantage of detecting a wider range of targeted substances in a more flexible detector design. Therefore it is ideal for practical applications such as checkpoint security, and screening vehicles, personnel, shipside, sea craft, packages, luggage, and cargo.

References [1] J. Brokenshire, N. Pay, "Ion mobility spectrometry" in International Laboratory, Graseby Analytical Ltd, Warford, Herts, England, **1989**, p4 [2] P. Z. Jankowski, A. G. Mercado, S. F. Hallowell, "FAA Explosive Vapor/Particle Detection Technology" Proceedings "Applications of Signal and Image Processing in Explosives Detection Systems", Boston, Massachusetts, 16-17 Nov. **1992** Volume 1824, pp13-27 [3] Eiceman, G.A., Karpas, Z., Ion Mobility Spectrometry" CRC Press **1994**. [4] ITMS (U.S. Patent No. 5,200,614). [5] McGann, W.J., Jenkins, A., Ribiero, K., Napoli, J., *SPIE on Substance Detection* Vol. 2092, **1993**. [6] McGann, W.J., *SPIE on Chemistry and Biology-based Technologies For Contraband Detection*. Vol. 2937, **1996**. [7] Haigh, P.B., "Dual Mode Detection" technical presentation, GE Ion Track, Wilmington, MA, **2003**. **T E C H N I C A L P A P E R** For more information on ITMS products call, email or consult our website. 1 . 9 7 8 . 6 5 8 . 3 7 6 7 / s a l e s @ i o n t r a c k . c o m / w w w . i o n t r a c k . c o m GE Ion Track Limited

On 29th September 2026 at 10.00 I was on duty in full uniform in the company of PC WADE to carry out a full licensing check at the Kings Arms Public House, 56 George Street Brighton BN2 1RJ. I activated my BWV but it failed to turn on. After a short period of time I took PC WADES BWV to carry out the inspection. On entry a male I now know to be as Gary WILSON was introduced as the DPS.

Part B should have all pages on display in a prominent place for the public to view , their part B in full should be 3 pages long, they only had page 2 on display. I informed WILSON this and he informed me that he was not aware all the pages should have been on display.

There was a delegation to sell alcohol on the wall near the bar this had numerous signatures on it but I am aware that some of the staff listed have since left, WILSON informed me that he had taken on new staff and everyone who worked there had signed the paper.

The address on the licence for the DPS is currently incorrect as it is currently showing an address in [REDACTED] I addressed this with WILSON who told me had been in contact with his licence provider, but I informed him he needed to also contact Brighton & Hove Council.

In regard to the actual licence under Annex 2

1. There will be no live or recorded music on the First Floor.
2. 2.No children will be allowed access to the First Floor Dining Room after 20.00Hrs.

There is no longer a first floor are open to the public, the first floor flat is now the managers accommodation.

Prevention of Crime and Disorder:

1. Digital CCTV and appropriate recording equipment to be installed, operated and maintained throughout the premises internally to cover all public areas and the rear smoking yard, with sufficient numbers of cameras as agreed with Sussex Police. CCTV footage will be stored for a minimum of 28 days, and the management will give full and immediate cooperation and technical

assistance to the Police in the event that CCTV footage is requested for the prevention and detection of suspected or alleged crime. The CCTV images will record and display dates and times, and these times will be checked regularly to ensure their accuracy and will be changed when British Summer Time starts and ends.

The cameras seem to record all of the required areas and are of a good quality – the cameras are however over 7 minutes 40 seconds fast. There is currently no option to upload CCTV to a secure link and they can only download footage to a USB stick.

2. The premises will employ a mobile support unit to cover times where SIA registered door supervisors are not on duty. All personnel carrying out security will be licensed by the Security Industry Authority. All security personnel carrying out these duties will sign in and out of the venue on each occasion when called to the venue. This will be incorporated into the incident log.

The premises do not employ an independent MSU to cover the premises at any time and no incident log was presented to myself with any incident recorded on it. I noted that they did employ security at Brighton Pride and they had completed a sign on /off duty sheet for that.

3. SIA licensed door supervisors shall be employed on occasions when a requirement is identified by the licence holder's written risk assessment or requested by Sussex Police in writing at least 7 days in advance. Further, as part of this written risk assessment the premises licence holder will consult with Sussex Police and take into consideration their advice regarding the following: public holidays, when seasonal variations are taking place and other city wide events e.g. Pride, Kemp Town Carnival etc. This written risk assessment will be reviewed every 12 months or sooner should the need arise and a copy shall be retained at the premises.

I was not presented or shown any kind of written Risk assessment in regard to SIA, I don't believe they have one. I did view a generic Stonegate Door Staff Policy.

4. The premises will become a member of the Business Crime Reduction Partnership (BCRP) whilst this scheme is in existence or other similar body approved by the Licensing Authority.

The pub are members of BCRP and have the radio which I am aware they did try to utilise on the evening of the incident. However, when I attended today there was no power to the base and the radio had no battery. WILSON moved the base to another plug and we left it charging.

Prevention of Public Nuisance:

5. No glasses to be permitted outside the premises and the number of patrons allowed in the designated smoking area to be limited to 8 at any time, and 4 after 23:00 every day. This should be overseen by:

- a manager on: Sunday – Thursday from 21:00 until close
- a manager or SIA registered door staff member (if working) on: Friday and Saturday 21:00 until close

They are aware that no glass should be taken outside WILSON stated that it was very difficult especially when busy to keep the numbers down to 8, the informal designated smoking area is

out the front in the pavement in front of the pub. Noting that it should be 4 after 23.00 and there is rarely any SIA.

6. A noise limiter device will be fitted to manage recorded music and this will be set to a level agreed by the Licensing Authority.

WILSON did not have any knowledge of a limiter.

Protection of Children from harm:

7. The premises will adopt a 'Challenge 25' policy whereby any person attempting to buy alcohol who appears to be under 25 will be asked for photographic ID as proof of their age. The only ID that will be accepted are passports and UK driving licences with a photograph or Portman group proof of age cards bearing the 'PASS' mark hologram. This list of approved ID may be amended or revised with the prior written agreement of Sussex Police and the Licensing Authority without the need to amend the actual licence.

There was CH25 signage in the entrance hall and a poster to the right of the bar.

8. The premises will maintain a refusals book to record all incidences of age-related products being refused and refusals to persons who are drunk. This book will be readily available for inspection by Council or Police upon request.

WILSON did not have a refusals book, he informed me that there was challenge button on the till, but he believed he had only used it once. WILSON did not know if a refusal button report could be taken from the back-office system. I then had a conversation with him about the importance of recording all sales of alcohol not just in regard to asking for ID but how important it is to record the refusals of intoxicated people.

Whilst I was in the premises, I noted that there was approximately 6 people sitting inside drinking pints, at 10.37 a female went to the bar and ordered a pint of beer/lager and a double vodka and tomato juice.

It was also noted that the prices of the draught selection would be very low in comparison to other venues across the city,

Pint of Fosters £4.10, Pint of Carlsberg £ 3.45, Pint of Coors £3.75, Pint of Strongbow £3.40, Pint of Guinness £4.55, Pint of John SMITHs £3.00 Pint of Bitta Moretti 35.65.

DOOR STAFF POLICY

8

It is of critical importance that Stonegate Pub Company Limited complies with all aspects of the Licensing Act 2003. Our Door Teams provide a front line of defence in ensuring that we meet those licensing objectives in preventing under age / drunk customers from entering our premises, thereby ensuring that we meet our legal obligations.

Key Control Measures for All Sites

- Stonegate Pub Company Limited is committed to operating the "Challenge 21 / Challenge 25" Initiative. This means that any customer seeking to enter Company premises who appears to be under 21 / 25 years of age must be challenged to provide suitable ID to show that they are over 18. There are to be no exceptions to this rule. Forms of ID accepted across Stonegate Pub Company Limited are as follows:
 - 10 year UK Passport
 - PASS approved ID card - must include the "PASS" hologram logo
 - UK Photo Driving Licence
- It is possible from time to time that you may be presented with some form of overseas identification. In these cases you should use your judgement as to the validity or otherwise of this ID. If you are in any doubt, refuse entry.
- As well as seeking to exclude under age customers it is also the Policy of the Company to ensure the safety and wellbeing of our customers by refusing access to those who have already consumed too much alcohol. It is left to the discretion of the Door Supervisors, in conjunction with the Site Management Team to define what constitutes "too much" although any customer who appears drunk should be refused access.
- The Company operates a Zero Tolerance Policy towards drugs / New Psychoactive Substances (NPS), commonly referred to as "legal highs". Any person who in the opinion of the Door Team is under the influence of illegal substances or NPS should also be refused entry. Where there is a suspicion that an individual is in possession of drugs / NPS, the Door Team may ask them to submit to a search before being allowed access. Any search must be carried out in accordance with the Company Search Policy.
- In order to be able to demonstrate that we operate "due diligence" in our admission Policy it is vital that the numbers of people refused entry are recorded along with the reason for refusal.
- It is also vital that our due diligence records are maintained. All Stonegate Pub Company Limited sites are issued with an Incident and Due Diligence Log. During times when Door Teams are on duty it is their responsibility to ensure that these are completed in full detail.
- Door Supervisors are asked to take notes of any observations they make about any incidents within the vicinity of the pub and these are to be recorded in the security book. They are not necessarily required to be involved in these incidents but a record of observations made can be submitted to the police in the event of any request.

stonegate

PUB COMPANY

- Door Supervisors should be aware of what is happening inside the premises as well as on the door and patrols around the premises may be necessary. Consideration must be given to any hot spots within the premises and regular monitoring of any areas should be undertaken by the Door Supervisors.
- For site specific operational instructions the Head Doorman should refer to the General Manager who will advise.
- Stonegate Pub Company Limited recommend a pre and post shift briefing for door teams. This may not be needed where the same door personal is used each week at the discretion of the DPS. However, a pre and post briefing would be required for any holiday or sickness cover.

From: Hancox, Kate [REDACTED]
Sent: 29 September 2026 10:41
To: [REDACTED]@stonegroup.co.uk'
[REDACTED]<[\[REDACTED\]@stonegroup.co.uk](mailto:[REDACTED]@stonegroup.co.uk)>; [REDACTED]@stonegroup.co.uk'
[REDACTED]<[\[REDACTED\]@stonegroup.co.uk](mailto:[REDACTED]@stonegroup.co.uk)>; EHL Licensing <[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]>; [REDACTED]@stonegroup.co.uk'
[REDACTED]<[\[REDACTED\]@stonegroup.co.uk](mailto:[REDACTED]@stonegroup.co.uk)>
Subject: Breach Letter

This email originates from outside of Brighton & Hove City Council. Please think carefully before opening attachments or clicking on links.

Hi all

Please see attached copy of breach letter form the Kings Arm licensing visit 28th September 2026

Many thanks
Kate

PS Kate HANCOX [REDACTED]
Neighbourhood Youth & Licensing Sergeant
John Street Police Station
Brighton
BN2 0LA

10



Sussex Police
Serving Sussex

www.sussex.police.uk

Brighton & Hove Licensing Unit

First Floor
Police Station
John Street
Brighton
BN2 0LA

Email: brighton.licensing@sussex.police.uk

29th September 2026
Kings Arms
56 George Street
Brighton
BN2 1RJ

Dear Mr WILSON

Licensing Act 2003 – Unauthorised licensable activities
RE: Kings Arms 56 George Street Brighton.

Our records show that you are the Designated Premises Supervisor (DPS) for the above premises.

On Monday, 28th September 2026 accompanied by PC WADE I visited your premises and carried out a full licensing inspection.

This visit was conducted following the incident that occurred at the venue 25/09/2026

Part B of your licence should be on display in a prominent place in the public area, you only had page 2 of 3 showing.

The current address of the DPS is not current and requires updating.

Prevention of Crime and Disorder:

1. Digital CCTV and appropriate recording equipment to be installed, operated and maintained throughout the premises internally to cover all public areas and the rear smoking yard, with sufficient numbers of cameras as agreed with Sussex Police. CCTV footage will be stored for a minimum of 28 days, and the management will give full and immediate cooperation and technical assistance to the Police in the event that CCTV footage is requested for the prevention and detection of suspected or alleged crime. The CCTV images will record and display dates and times, and these times will be checked regularly to ensure their accuracy and will be changed when British Summer Time starts and ends.

Sussex Police Headquarters
Malling House, Church Lane, Lewes, E. Sussex, BN7 2DZ

Telephone: 101 | 01273 470101

Email: brighton.licensing@sussex.pnn.police.uk

The cameras seem to record all the required areas and are of a good quality – the cameras are however over 7 minutes 40 seconds fast. There is currently no option to upload CCTV to a secure link, and CCTV can only be uploaded to a USB stick.

2. The premises will employ a mobile support unit to cover times where SIA registered door supervisors are not on duty. All personnel carrying out security will be licensed by the Security Industry Authority. All security personnel carrying out these duties will sign in and out of the venue on each occasion when called to the venue. This will be incorporated into the incident log.

The premises do not employ an independent MSU to cover the premises at any time and no incident log was presented to myself with any incident recorded on it. I noted that they did employ security at Brighton Pride and they had completed a sign on /off duty sheet for that.

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I was not presented with or shown any kind of written Risk assessment regarding SIA, I don't believe they have one. I did view a generic Stonegate Door Staff Policy.

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The pub are members of BCRP and have the radio which I am aware they did try to utilise on the evening of the incident. However, when I attended today there was no power to the base and the radio had no battery.

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- a manager on: Sunday – Thursday from 21:00 until close
- a manager or SIA registered door staff member (if working) on: Friday and Saturday 21:00 until close

WILSON stated that it was very difficult especially when busy to keep the numbers down to 8. The informal designated smoking area is out the front in the pavement in front of the pub. Noting that it should be 4 after 23.00 and there is rarely any SIA.

6. A noise limiter device will be fitted to manage recorded music and this will be set to a level agreed by the Licensing Authority.

There was no knowledge of a limiter on the premises.

Protection of Children from harm:

7. The premises will adopt a 'Challenge 25' policy whereby any person attempting to buy alcohol who appears to be under 25 will be asked for photographic ID as proof of their age. The only ID that will be accepted are passports and UK driving licences with a photograph or Portman group proof of age cards bearing the 'PASS' mark hologram. This list of approved ID may be amended or revised with the prior written agreement of Sussex Police and the Licensing Authority without the need to amend the actual licence.

There was CH25 signage in the entrance hall and a poster to the right of the bar.

8. The premises will maintain a refusals book to record all incidences of age-related products being refused and refusals to persons who are drunk. This book will be readily available for inspection by Council or Police upon request.

There was no refusals book, I was informed that there was challenge button on the till, it was not known if a refusal button "report" could be taken from the back-office system to be inspected or viewed.

There are multiple breaches of the licence and this is a **formal warning** and enforcement action may be taken.

I must advise you that it is an offence under Licensing Act 2003, S136(1) and (4) to carry on any unauthorised licensable activities. The legislation states that: -

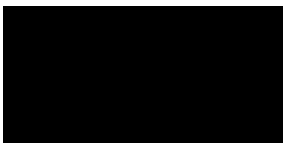
(1) A person commits an offence if –

- (a) he carries on or attempts to carry on a licensable activity on or from any premises otherwise than under and in accordance with an authorisation, or*
- (b) he knowingly allows a licensable activity to be carried on.*

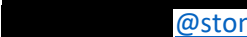
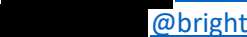
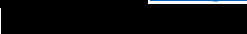
(4) A person guilty of an offence under this section is liable on summary conviction to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months or to a fine, or to both.

If you have any queries, please contact me or anyone else in the Police licensing Team via the e-mail at the top of the page.

Yours sincerely



PS HANCOX DH163
Licensing Police Sgt
Brighton & Hove Division

Cc @stonegategroup.co.uk
@stonegategroup.co.uk
@brighton-hove.gov.uk
@stonegategroup.co.uk



From: [Redacted]@stonegategroup.co.uk>
Sent: Monday, 28 September 2026 13:23:02
To: Hancox, Kate DH163 [Redacted]
Subject: Kings Arms, Brighton - Proposed Actions

Think before you click!

This email comes from an outside source. Do not click on links or open attachments unless you trust the sender. [Report any unexpected or unusual content.](#)

Hi Sgt Hancox,

As discussed, I have liaised with the Regional Manager and Operations Director re: The Kings Arms.

As we mentioned on the phone, we would be happy to update the licence by adding relevant conditions including those for Door Supervisors on Fridays & Saturday nights and retaining the existing conditions for the support unit and risk assessments.

I have also added conditions in relation to staff training for your review.

The Regional Manager has discussed the incident with the premises staff, and the feedback is that the incident is not reflective of how a normal Friday night is at the site and that they do feel safe working there. On checking our incident reporting system, I can see that there was an incident reported in July, but nothing since and so I am inclined to believe this feedback to be true.

We have also discussed internally the removal of the DPS. Our view is that he will take this as an opportunity to reflect and learn from the incident and so we wish to keep him in place at this point in time, however it has been made clear that we will be closely monitoring the premises and that should there be continuance of either breach of conditions or incidents of violence at the premises then we will take the necessary action to remove him from the site. Inevitably, I would appreciate your feedback.

I have attached a document with the proposed conditions and would appreciate your thoughts. Should you be in agreement then we will submit a Minor Variation to the council within the next 48hrs to add them to the licence. We will however be deploying Door Supervisors from this weekend irrespective of that application.

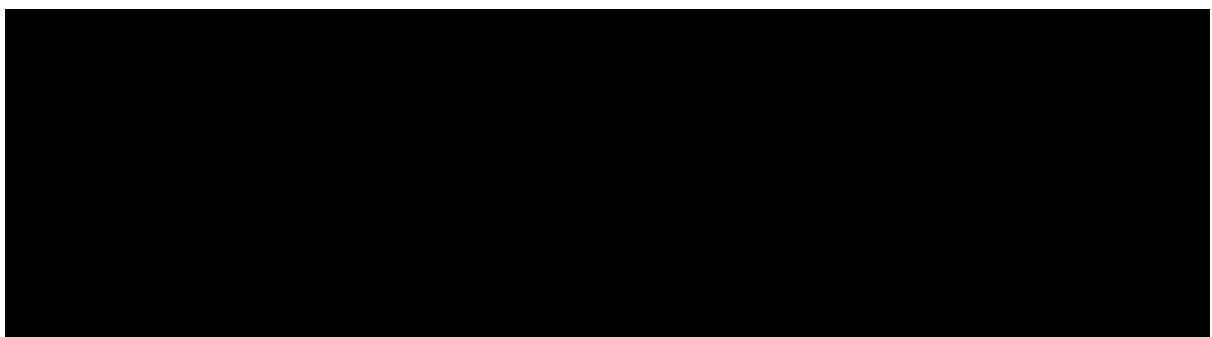
I look forward to hearing from you.

Many Thanks
Gui

[Redacted]
Licensing Manager

[Redacted]
[Redacted]
[Redacted]

[Redacted]
[Redacted]
[Redacted]



Kings Arms, Brighton - Proposed Conditions

General:

1. Staff training must incorporate:
 - a) Responsible Alcohol Service, including recognising signs of drunkenness, refusal skills, drugs awareness
 - b) Managing and resolving conflict
 - c) The conditions of the Premises Licence
2. Training records will be signed by staff, retained on the premises for a period of 12 months. They will be produced for inspection when required by an Officer of a Responsible Authority

Prevention of Crime & Disorder:

1. On Friday and Saturday Nights Two (2) SIA registered Door Supervisors shall be on duty from 20:00hrs until close. Door Supervisors shall remain at the premises until all customers have been dispersed.
2. There must be a register of every SIA person employed at the premises that contains the following details:
 - a) Full Name
 - b) Security Industry Authority licence number
 - c) Time and date each security staff starts and finishes duty.
 - d) Each entry must be signed by the Door Supervisors
3. That register must be kept fully updated at all times and remain at the licensed premises and be available for inspection immediately by an authorised officer of the Licensing Authority, the Security Industry Authority or Police.
4. An incident log (which may be kept electronically) must be kept at the premises and made available on request to the Police or an authorised officer of the Licensing Authority. It must be completed within 24 hours of the incident and must record the following:
 - a) All crimes reported to the premises.
 - b) All ejections of patrons
 - c) Any complaints received concerning crime and disorder.
 - d) Any incidents of disorder
 - e) All seizures of drugs or offensive weapons
 - f) Where Possible, details of those involved including members of the public, police officers, SIA staff and employees.

MG11 WITNESS STATEMENT**Criminal Procedure Rules, r 27.2; Criminal Justice Act 1967, s.9; Magistrates' Courts Act 1980, s.5B**

Occurrence Number: [REDACTED]

URN:

Statement of: [REDACTED]

Age: Over 18

Occupation: Pub [REDACTED]

Remote Witness Statement: Yes

This statement has been taken remotely by [REDACTED] PC [REDACTED] PRENTICE. I have had the opportunity to review the contents of the statement and confirm that the contents are accurate and true.

This statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief and I make it knowing that, if it is tendered in evidence, I shall be liable to prosecution if I have wilfully stated in it anything which I know to be false, or do not believe to be true.

The content of this statement has been prepared by interviewing the witness and taking notes. The statement was then typed not in the presence of the witness. The time and date that the witness reviewed the statement is logged below. Any changes are recorded in the statement.

In May 2025 I banned a male from the pub that I run. I run a pub in Brighton called the Kings Arms in George Street. I know the male as [REDACTED]. [REDACTED] had been going to the pub for some time and would attend daily or most days and was known by all staff members. [REDACTED] was seen by staff to be using cocaine in the toilets and I took the decision to ban [REDACTED] as there had also been other issues with [REDACTED] with Staff and myself.

Over the past couple of months, I have received several unwanted messages from [REDACTED].

On 21/05/2025 I received a text message [REDACTED]

On 15/06/2025 at 20:43 hrs I was sent a whatsapp message from [REDACTED] which read [REDACTED]

On 18/06/2025 at 23:33, 23:35 and 23:37 hrs, these were sent by whatsapp and were all deleted by [REDACTED]. The messages came from mobile number [REDACTED]

On 20/06/2025 at 17:18 I received a whatsapp message [REDACTED]

On 20/06/2025 at 17:25 hrs on whatsapp which read [REDACTED]

On 20/06/2025 at 21:42 hrs on whatsapp which read [REDACTED]

On 20/06/2025 at 21:42 and 21:48 hrs [REDACTED] deleted these messages so I didn't see them.

On 27/06/2025 at 16:30 hrs [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] has made threats towards me through my staff members, to throw acid in my face and [REDACTED] has made threats to burn down the pub. The messages were sent to a staff member at the pub, [REDACTED] I cant recall the dates of the messages, but the messages would have been sent around the end of January '25 to the beginning of February '25. I believe that [REDACTED] will still



have these messages on [REDACTED] phone.

I have not engaged in conversation with [REDACTED]. The fact that I have not replied is a clear message that I don't want to engage or talk to [REDACTED]. The contact is unwanted.

I did not give [REDACTED] permission to harass me.

I support police action and will attend court if required.

Statement accepted or rejected by witness? Approved [REDACTED] [REDACTED]



From: [Gary Wilson](#)
To: [Brighton Licensing](#)
Subject: Re: Pride TEN
Date: 03 July 2026 15:18:14
Attachments: [image001.jpg](#)

Think before you click!

This email comes from an outside source. Do not click on links or open attachments unless you trust the sender. [Report any unexpected or unusual content.](#)

Hi Mark,

Many thanks for keeping on top of this , however we will only be operating to our licenced hours during Pride.

Our thinking is that 1am is late enough for our punters and any trouble would be occuring later on so we will be closing up at 1am on Friday and Saturday and 1030 on Sunday.

Thanks again for keeping on top of this on our behalf.

Wilson

Gary Wilson
The Kings Arms



On Fri, 3 Jul 2026 at 15:14, Brighton Licensing wrote:

Afternoon Gary,

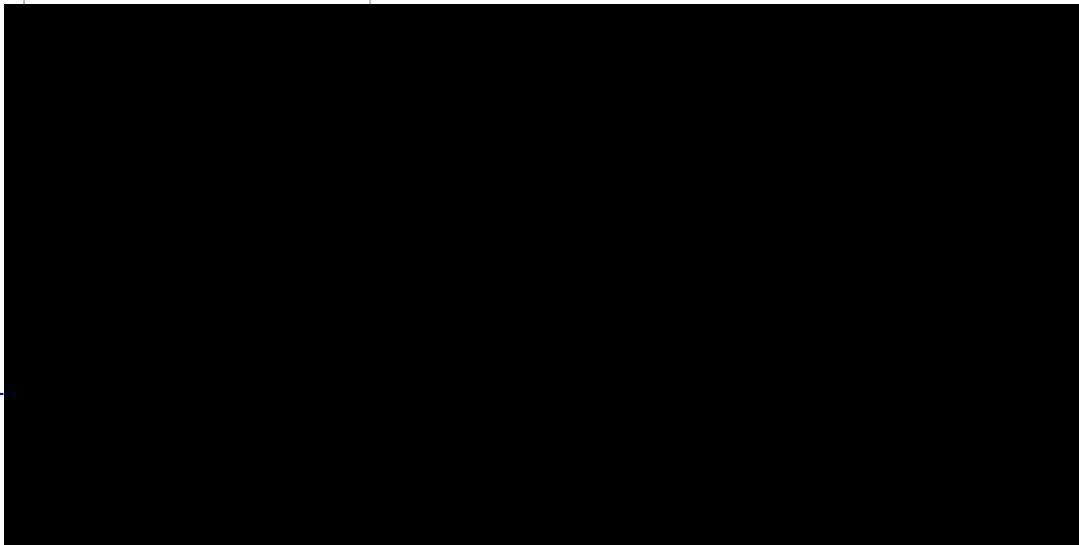
I have emailed you now a couple of times and even called in earlier in the week.

You still don't seem to have submitted your TEN for Pride. Can you please ensure you do that ASAP or it will be too late and your need to just trade as per your normal licence permissions.

Many Thanks

Mark.

Mark Thorogood
Police Licensing Officer



From: [Bernascone, Andre CB328](#)
To: [REDACTED]
Cc: [REDACTED]
Subject: CCTV request
Date: 24 July 2026 09:09:45
Attachments: [image001.png](#)

Dear Gary,

[REDACTED] is a Hate Related Assault that is believed to have occurred at the Kings Arms on 17th July.

The incident appears to have started when it was alleged that a male customer was singing Karaoke repeatedly used a racist slur towards another customer, [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] The informant says that both males were spoken to by a manager/landlord and left the premises.

We need to request footage from the pub from around 2130 hrs [REDACTED]

[REDACTED], until either both males left or 2300 hrs (whichever is sooner).

Calls have been made to the premises landline and e-mails requests to

[REDACTED] [@stonegategroup.co.uk](mailto:[REDACTED]@stonegategroup.co.uk) but we have not received any reply.

Can you please check the Spam folder for this e-mail as a CCTV request has been sent. If the request needs to be sent to another e-mail please let me know and will get it sent over.

As you are aware your licence contains the following condition for CCTV:-

1. Digital CCTV and appropriate recording equipment to be installed, operated and maintained throughout the premises internally to cover all public areas and the rear smoking yard, with

sufficient numbers of cameras as agreed with Sussex Police. CCTV footage will be stored for a minimum of 28 days, and the management will give full and immediate cooperation and technical

assistance to the Police in the event that CCTV footage is requested for the prevention and detection of suspected or alleged crime. The CCTV images will record and display dates and times, and these times will be checked regularly to ensure their accuracy and will be changed when British Summer Time starts and ends.

Kind regards

Andre



PC Andre BERNASCONE [REDACTED]

| Licensing Officer | Brighton & Hove |

| Brighton Police Station, John Street, Brighton, BN2 0LA |

[REDACTED]

S6 – EF Validated on the licensing objectives of PCD, PS and PPN.

From: REDACTED

Sent: 11 October 2026 18:10

To: EHL Licensing <ehl.licensing@brighton-hove.gov.uk>; **REDACTED**

Cc: REDACTED

Subject: THE KINGS ARMS, 56 GEORGE STREET, BRIGHTON, BN2 1RJ

Dear **REDACTED**

Re: THE KINGS ARMS, 56 GEORGE STREET (KEMPTOWN)

Events have gotten so bad recently that I feel compelled to write this email, but I wish to stay anonymous as I will live in fear of reprisals.

I hope that you don't see this email as just words on a screen to be just filed away.

Those of us **REDACTED** the Kings Arms have endured months of disruption, sleepless nights & living in fear when we have to **REDACTED** in the evening/night. The ongoing disruption has worsened my **REDACTED** and negatively affected my whole family, including **REDACTED**.

As I understand it, a licence is normally granted with conditions that if breached could result in that licence being revoked. The problem with this procedure is that any 'stated conditions' are only effective & adhered to if they are enforced. The government for instance state speed restrictions on all roads with those restrictions enforced by the police. Despite being enforced a large number of speeding offences are still reported so you can imagine that without that enforcement everyone would be ignoring the speed restrictions.

It's the same with a public house licence, what's the point of having operating conditions if they are not policed & enforced. I appreciate that councils, even the police, are restricted by budgets but I would be interested to know what level of policing the council undertakes to ensure licensees are complying with the imposed operating conditions. It would be unfair just to rely on the public reporting issues as they **REDACTED** after reporting.

I only have the following application appendix P, so I assume the same or similar conditions are in place for the current licensee. I'm further assuming the contents are supplied by the licensee.

P Describe any additional steps you intend to take to promote the four licensing objectives as a result of the proposed variation:

a) General – all four licensing objectives (b,c,d,e) (please read guidance note 9)

We intend to employ SIA Door Supervisors through Sassco Security and have installed a CCTV system covering inside and outside the premises. Our staff will be trained to identify potential trouble and inform Sassco Security who will also be providing a response team backup to the Kings Arms at all times.

The content is vague with no detail as to days/times door supervisors will be employed

There are NO door supervisors employed here, SIA or otherwise on any day. It's a free for all in the street outside the pub with drug dealers unrestricted plying there trade.

b) The prevention of crime and disorder

As above
We have CCTV installed in the main areas of the Kings Arms as well as outside the front and back yard.
Our toilets are designed to deter drug use with flat walled cubicles. They will be checked periodically to maintain vigilance.
Our staff will be trained to spot trouble makers and take the necessary steps to stop ongoing problems.

There are CCTV cameras covering the front entrance so these should record any concerns on the pavement outside so evidence is available to be viewed. Whether these are working or used is unknown. This CCTV would only be of benefit if the camera angle is such that it covers the payment & the licensee is prevented, as an operating condition, from deleting footage for a minimum of 30 days. Drug taking, especially the smoking of cannabis, is openly committed outside the pub with the pungent smell of weed being a constant in **REDACTED**

If staff do undertake any training, I would like to know what training is given plus evidence employees have completed training. Whatever does take place is not working as staff do not prevent or intercede when any trouble outside occurs.

c) Public safety

As above

In addition, to limit the number of people in the street smoking we have formed a smoker's yard with access from inside the premises. It has CCTV and its own emergency exit.

We have recently installed a full Fire Safety regime including a new fire alarm system and all new emergency lighting.

The content here does not contain anything that protects non customers. If there is a rear smoking area its not used judging by the number of customers in the street.

d) The prevention of public nuisance

As above

As a team Kings Arms staff and Sassco will monitor people leaving the premises and endeavour to keep noise and public nuisance to a bare minimum.

As above, this doesn't happen.

e) The protection of children from harm

As above

The Kings Arms does not allow children in the trading areas of the premises except those of the management passing through to the living accomodation.

There has been instances of young children left outside while their inebriated parents are in the pub. Apart from the unsuitable environment it's a very narrow pavement between the pub & road.

Other issues.

- The opening hours being operated seems to be 24/7; there are often people drinking at 5am in the morning
- The pub windows are left open all the time allowing the noise to disturb residents. When **REDACTED** 'windows have to be open as part of their health & safety as they didn't have air conditioning'. Apart from being a stupid response **REDACTED** shouldn't suffer from something that is preventable, in other words, install an AC unit.
- During this licensee's tenure the police have attended on several occasions to deal with serious incidents putting their officers at risk & tying up valuable

police resources that could be deployed elsewhere. Trouble like this also puts **REDACTED** at risk.

- Some of their customers appear to be underage which I understand is a criminal offence on its own.
- Cars drive the wrong way up to the pub then reverse back out.
- Real glass glasses are brought out in the street whereas I thought they had to be plastic.
- On one occasion, while the manager, **REDACTED**, was absent, the disturbance was significantly worse. It appeared that a lock-in was taking place, with noise continuing beyond the permitted closing time. Does the licensee not have to be on site during opening hours or a relief licensee present.
- The manager, **REDACTED** is often outside with the customers and doesn't discourage the anti-social behaviour.
- We are sometimes forced to **REDACTED** due to noise, cannabis and cigarette smoke, yet the noise remains intrusive even with the **REDACTED**
- As **REDACTED** we are scared for our safety, **REDACTED** pub goes urinating in the street, **REDACTED** on while talking/shouting, including foul language, literally **REDACTED**
- It's a scary & intimidating to come **REDACTED**

We don't object to a pub **REDACTED**, in fact it would be nice to have a well run communal pub to visit ourselves, but this is not a pub in the real sense, but a venue for criminals to prosper unrestricted with absolutely no respect or consideration for anyone else.

Please do something about this to give us a **REDACTED** we have to endure **REDACTED**, fighting amongst pub customers & even a stabbing. Please don't wait until someone is killed before acting as that person could be **REDACTED**

Kind regards

REDACTED